Memorandum

AND

Articles of Association

OF

NAGREEKA CAPITAL & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED



## नाम में तबीली के परिणानत्वरूप नियोजन के तिये गया प्रमाण-पत्र FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

[Eurid अधिरेक्ष 1956 (1956 क्ष. 1) के अधीन]  In the Office of the Registrar of Companies 9. (WEST BENGAL  [Under the Companies Act. 1956 (1 of 1956)]  In the MATTER OF* NAGREEKA SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED  वे एक्ट्राण बर्चान्त कथा है कि परिवर्धिया कथा कथा कथा कथा कथा कथा कथा कथा कथा कथ	व्यक्तियं के रक्षिश्वर के कार्यालय में	k		·····
[Under the Companies Act. 1956 (1 of 1956)]  IN THE MATTER OF NAGREEKA SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED  वे खुद्दारा बचारिक कथा है कि परिवास के अविकास किया प्राप्त कर किया के अविकास के अवि	(समाना अधिनिसम, 1956 (19	)56 सः <u>१)</u> के अधीन)		
[Under the Companies Act. 1956 (1 of 1956)]  IN THE MATTER OF NAGREEKA SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED  वे खुद्दारा बचारिक कथा है कि परिवास के अविकास किया प्राप्त कर किया के अविकास के अवि	in the Office of the Registrar of Companies o	WEST BENE	SAL	
IN THE MATTER OF MAGREEKA SOFTMARE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED  व एक्ट्रिया बर्जान क्या है कि विशेषा किया का क्या किया का क्या के क्षित क्या का क्या के क्ष्म क्या क्या क्या क्या क्या क्या क्या क्या				
है एत्हार बच्चित करता है है			के दिवय में।	
हिल्ला के अर्था विकास के अर्था कर्मा का	IN THE MATTER OF NAGREEK	A SOFTWARE	TECHNOLOGIES LIM	11TED
after an art of the name of the said company is this day changed converted to said control of this said act and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  **ACC ST CONTROL OF THE SAID CONTROL OF T	वे एतद्वारा प्रचारित करता हूं कि		परिश्रीमित जिल्ला	नियमम पुलाः
after an art of the name of the said company is this day changed converted to said control of this said act and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  **ACC ST CONTROL OF THE SAID CONTROL OF T	200 *	fter per	#	रेक्स के अधीर
31(1), 43A(4), 44(2)(b) के निर्वास के अनुवार आवश्यक केवल पारित कर पूर्वी है और सकते बावर केवल मा जिल्ला अनुवार करनी कर दी नहें हैं  1 hereby certify that NAGREEKA SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES Limited, which was originally incorporated on Set day of OCTOBER 200 US94 under the Company Act, and under the name Act, 250 of 2005 having duly passed the necessary special resolution in terms of section 21/20(1)(a)22(1)(b) 31(1), 43A(4), 44(2)(b) of Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.  अर्था केवल कर अर्थ के व्यवस्था के विश्व कर्या के विश्व कर्या के विश्व कर्या के विश्व कर्या कर्य कर्या कर्या कर कर्या कर्य कर्या कर	और परिश्लीभित नाम द्वारा किम	त गया था कमानी अधिनिव	≈ 1956 <b>≈</b> urσ 21/22 (1) ( <b>≈</b> )	/22 (1) (w)
43A(4), 44(2)(b) of Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.  अंदीय निरंग्य के सारीय	31(1), 43A(4), 44(2)(b) के निर्वचानों के अनुसार सावस्थ कमानी कार्य विभाग दारा घटान कर दी गई है।	s संकार पारित कर पूर्वी है	और इसकी वाबद केन्द्रीय सरकार का वि	नेषित अनुमति
43A(4), 44(2)(b) of Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.  अंदीय निरंग्य के सारीय	1 hereby certify that NAGREEKA S was originally incorporated on 31 St under the Compound Act, and under	day of	CHNOLOGIES Limi OCTOBER 26 KR SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIE 1996	ted, which e 4994 Limited
writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.  शर्मा निरंग्य के सारीय	having duly passed the necessary special	resolution in terms	of section 21/ac(1) (a) 64(1)	<del>, (0) (1(1)</del> ,
शंकीय विदेशक के तारीय 200 के पत्र सं - वारा श्री को वार प्रश्न के नारी का वाप एक दिन पिक्षितिया में तारीन कर दिया गया है और वह प्रमान पत्र उस अधिनियम की धारा 23 (1) अनुसरन में जारी दिया जाता है।  R.O.C.S. Letter No. NCR   CN   657 25   2006  dated 26 - 05 - 200 6 the name of the said company is this day changed converted.  Reconverted to NAGREEKA CAPITAL & THERRETRUCTURE Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  थेर शासान के पत्र आधिय का COLKATA this 12 प्रमान के प्रमान के प्रश्न उपराप्त के प्रमान के पत्र आधिय के दिया करा।  Given under my hand at KOLKATA this 12 प्रमान के प्रमान के उपराप्त के प्रमान के प्र	43A(4), 44(2)(b) of Companies Act, 1956 an	id the approval of	the Central Government s	ngnilled in
sin हो जाने पर उस्त रूपनी हा जाप रह दिन परिवास का है।  R.O.C. S. Letter No. NCR   CN				
sin हो जाने पर उस्त रूपनी हा जाप रह दिन परिवास का है।  R.O.C. S. Letter No. NCR   CN	शंबीय निर्देशक के तारीच	200	केपव सं•	हार
R.O.C. S. Letter No. NCR   CN   65725   2006  dated 26 - 05 - 200 6 the name of the said company is this day changed converted.  Reconverted to NAGREEKA CAPITAL & THERSTRUCTURE Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  विशेष क्या  Given under my hand at KOLKATA this 12 15 day of JULY  2006 (two thousand AMO SIX.	प्राप्त हो जाने पर उक्त कम्पनी का नाम इस दिन	परिश्रीविश	ा में तब्दील कर दिया गया है और वह	प्रमाण रच उक्त
dated 26-05-200 6. the name of the said company is this day changed converted.  Reconverted to NAGREEKA CAPITAL & THERSTRUCTURE Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.	ਅਹਿਰੀਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਮਾਰਤ 23 /11 ਕਰਕਾਰਜ਼ ਦੇ ਕਰਤੀ ਵਿੱਚਤ ਕਰਗ ਵੈ	5		
dated 26-05-200 6. the name of the said company is this day changed converted.  Reconverted to NAGREEKA CAPITAL & THERSTRUCTURE Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  Limited and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At some of the said company is this day changed converted.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  At this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.	B0C'S	Letter No.	NCR/CN/65725/20	106
and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of this said Act.  th search is as area  to Real this term  Given under my hand at KOLKATA this 1214 day of JULY  2006 (two thousand AMO SIX.	26 - 05 - non 6 them	sme of the said cor	nnany is this day changed	converted/
Given under my hand at KOLKATA this 1214 day of JULY 2006. (two thousand AMO SIX.	and this certificate is issued pursuant to s	ection 23(1) of this	said Act.	
Given under my hand at KOLKATA this 1214 day of JULY 2006. (two thousand AMO SIX.	मेरे हातालर से यह जारीय			
200 6. (two thousand AMO SIX.	a) the ren			
Dy/Assit. Registrar of Companies	Given under my hand at KOLK 2006 (two thousand AM)	ATA this _	1215 day of J	ULY 1
Dy. / Assit. Registrar of Companies			Charles and spain	<u> </u>
			Dy:/ Assit. Registrar of C	Companies

वहां पर कम्पनी का वह नाम लिकिए जो कि तबीली ही पूर्व था।

#Here give the name of the Act. (As under which the Company was originally registered and incorporated.

के • पा+ की • -7 / J.S.C.-7

<sup>&</sup>quot;Here given the name of the company as existing prior or the change. यहां यर अधिनियम (अधिनियमों का नाम लिक्किए विनक्षे अधीन का मूलता रिवर्डकरण और निममन किया गयाथा।



# FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

In the Office of the Registrar of Companies West Bengal, Kolkata [ Under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956 )

### IN THE MATTER OF NAGREEKA SECURITIES LIMITED.

I hereby certify that NAGREEKA SECURITIES LIMITED, which was originally incorporated on 31st day of October 1994 under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name NAGREEKA SECURITIES LIMITED having duly passed the necessary Special Resolution passed on 13-8-01 in terms of section 21 of Companies Act, 1956, and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.

R. O. C., W. B., Kolkata Letter No. NCR/CN/65725/01, dated 14-9-2001 the name of the said company is this day changed to NAGREEKA SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Kolkata this 19th day of September, 2001 (Two - thousand-one).

The Seal of The Registrar of Companies, West Bengal

Sd/-Asst. Registrar of Companies West Bengal



	allin
	THE STATE OF THE S
Attest man	करने के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र
	nmencement of Business
	6 की धारा 149 (3) के अनुसरण में 9(3) of the Companies Act, 1956
Pulsualii di Section 149	(a) or the Companies Act, 1956
र्वे एतद्वारा इमाणित करता हूं कि	21-65725 of 94
न एतब्झत श्वापत करता हूँ कि	
	***************************************
नो कम्पनी अधिनियन, 1956 के अधीन ता	ारीखको नियमित की गई थी और जिसमे आज
	पर्या फाइल कर दी गई है कि उक्त अधिनियम की धारा
	2)(क) में लेकर (ग) तक की शर्तों का अनुपालन किया
पपा है, कारबार ब्रारम्प करने की क्वदार है I hereby certify that the	greeka Securities Limited
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
which was incorporated un	der the Companies, Act, 1956, on
	tober 1994, and which has this day
filed a duly verified declaration in	this prescribed form that the conditions of
Section 149(I)(a) to (d)/149(2)(a) to	o (c) of the said Act, have been complied with
is entitled to commence business.	
भेरे हमतावार से यह तारीख	में दिया गया ।
direct ander my name at	cutta this fourteenth day
December one the	ousand nine hundred and ninety four
SCOMPANICS.	Sd'-
(5 (Ps 1)	(C. D. PAIK)
(Troot	कम्पनियों का रजिस्टार
(1 cm)	Register of Companies
	W.B.



		6(S)O
		Vini
	VII.	দেও আইও আতে
	-	Form I.R.
	निग	मन का प्रभाण-पत्र
	CERTIFICATE	E OF INCORPORATION
æ.	21-65725	# #o 1994
		***************************************
No	र्द्धारा प्रमाणित करता हूं कि आज	
 कमरी है।	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सं० 1	i) के अधीन नियमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परित्ती reeka Securities Limited.
 कमरी है।	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सं० 1	
कमरी है। Ihere	अधिनियम 1956 (1958 का सं० 1 bycertifythat. Nagr	reeka Securities Limited.
कमनी है। I here	अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का सुंc 1 by certify that	
कमनी है। I here	अधिनियम 1956 (1958 का सं० 1 bycertifythat. Nagr	reeka Securities Limited.
to this	अधिनियम 1956 (1958 का सुं० 1 by certify that	Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and to
कम्परी है। I here is this the Co	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सुंc 1 by certify that	Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and 6
कम्परी है। I here is this the Co	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सुंc 1 by certify that	reeka Securities Limited.  Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and t
कम्परी है। I here is this the Co	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सुंc 1 by certify that	ceeka Securities Limited.  Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and s
कम्परी है। I here is this the Co	अधिनियम 1958 (1958 का सुंc 1 by certify that	Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and a calcutta this Thirty First custom ninety four Sd-(C. D. PAIK)
कम्परी है। I here is this the Co	अधिनियम 1956 (1958 का सुं० 1 by certify that	Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and s et शिख गया। Calcutta shis Thirty First

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

### COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

### MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

# NAGREEKA CAPITAL & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

- The name of the Company is NAGREEKA CAPITAL & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED.
- The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of West Bengal.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are :-
- (A) MAIN OBJECT OF THE COMPANY TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:-
  - 1. To carry on the business of investment and to purchase, acquire, hold, exchange, sell transfer, pledge and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debentures-stocks, units bonds, obligations, interests or securities issued or guaranteed by any Company, Government, Semi-Government or public body or Mutual Funds and to acquire any of the aforesald by original subscription, tender, purchase, exchange, under writing or otherwise and to subscribe for the same either conditionally or otherwise and to guarantee the subscription thereof and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers in connection therewith and to carry on the business of financing industrial trading commercial and service enterprises, whether by way of making loans or advances if giving guarantees or subscribing to the capital of the Enterprises in India and abroad subject to approval of SEBI.

- 2. To act as investor, guarantors, underwrites, financiers and to lend or deal with the money either with or without interest or security, including in current or deposit account with any Bank or Banks, other person or persons upon such terms, conditions and manners as may from time to time be determined and subject to the provisions of Section 58A of the Companies Act, 1956 and direction issued by the RBI to receive money on deposit or loan upon such terms and conditions as the Company may approve provided Company shall not do any banking business as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 nor the Company shall carry Chit Fund Business.
- To carry on and undertake the business of Leasing and Hire 3 Purchase and to finance lease operations of all kinds, purchasing, hiring and letting out on lease or Hire Purchase all types of plant, equipment, machinery, vehicles, buildings and real estates that the Company may think fit and to assist. In financing of all any every kind and description of Hire Purchase or deferred payment or similar transaction and to subsidise finance or assist in subsidizing and to purchase or otherwise deal in all forms of Immovable and movable property including land and building, plant and machinery, equipment, ships, aircrafts, automobiles, computers and all consumer, commercial and industrial items and to lease or otherwise deal with them in any manner whatsoever including resale thereof regardless whether property purchased and leased/hired out is new and/or used and render Leasing, Hire Purchase, Financing, Consultancy and advisory / Counseling services.
- 4. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured by or payable under in respect of shares, promissory notes, bonds, units, debenture-stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or securities of any company or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise and to guarantee the performance or the obligations or any interest on any stock shares and securities.
- \*5. To engage in the business of Development of Infrastructure Facility such as Special Economic Zone, Industrial Park, Commercial Plaza, Logistic Centre, Modern Warehouse, Cold Chain Facility, real estates etc. for the benefit of its members, customers and public in general. To develop township industrial estate, Road, Toll Plates, Power Distribution Centre, Power Plant, Community Kitchen, BPO Centre, etc. To engaged as investors and executor of the information development project in particular purchase, sale and trading of land and/or building and owing buying, selling, developing, hiring, letting.

sub-letting, maintaining, allotting transferring allotment, administering, exchanging, mortgaging, accepting mortgage, renting, leasing, sub-leasing, surrendering, accepting, lease, tenancy or sub-tenancy, construction, reconstructing, repairing, maintaining, extending altering or demolishing land, building, tenants, blocks, flats, apartments offices, godowns, garages & building sites though its own agency or though contractors and purchasing, holding in stock or selling materials or trading in construction materials and building accessories, electrical, sanitary, plumbing and other fixtures, fitting, equipments, plant and machinery, tools and appliances, including furniture, fixtures, house-hold goods and decoration materials.

- \*6. To act as builders, Govt. contractors, promoters and developers of lands, buildings, building sites, townships, Industrial Park & Special Economic Zone, town, making roads, bridges and other building complexes and to undertake and execute building complexes and in connection therewith to act as contractors for execution of land and building projects of all kinds and otherwise as contracts for execution, construction & completion of all sorts or projects and in connection therewith to act as engineers, architects, draughtsman, interior decorators and generally to deal in immovable properties of all descriptions and tenures by purchase and sale or otherwise as may be necessary or thought proper.
- \*7. To purchase for investment or resale and to traffic in land, house and other property of any tenure and any interest therein and to create, set and deal in free hold and leasehold ground rents and to make advances upon the security of land or house or other property or any interest therein and generally to deal in traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise with land and house property and any other property whether real or personal and to purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell exchange, surrender, lease, mortgage, charge, convert turn to account, dispose of assign and deal with property and rights of all kinds and in particular mortgage, debentures, produce, concessions, options, contractor, patents, annuities, licenses, stocks, shares, Bonds, polities, book debts, business concerns and undertaking and claims privileges of all kinds including that of acquiring any rights, title, interest in any agreement or any such rights, titles, interest, claim in any pending suit or action.
- \*8. To carry on the business as contractor or sub-contractor in the line of civil, mechanical, electrical and thermal power plant construction along with liason work related to engineering services.

Inserted vide Special Resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Company held on 01-02-2007.

- (B) OBJECT INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS ARE :-
  - To purchase, construct, take on lease or tenancy or in exchange, hire, take options over or otherwise acquire any estate, lands, buildings, easements or other interest, rights in immovable or movable properties and to hold, manage, improve, develop, work, cultivate, deal, grant concessions, licences, privileges, claims, leases, options, which may appear to be necessary or convenient for any of the business of Company and to sell, lease, mortgage, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of or grant rights over any immovable or movable property belonging to the Company.
  - To purchase, charter, hire, or otherwise acquire vehicles for any of the business of the Company.
  - To enter into any like or barter business involving the exchange or purchase and sale of any of the items dealt in by the Company,
  - 4. To establish and maintain branches, agencies or appoint representatives, selling and buying agents in India or abroad for the sale, purchase, exchange, hire, distribution or for any one or more of the objects of the Company and to regulate and discontinue the same.
  - 5. To apply for, take out, obtain, purchase or otherwise acquire and turn to account any copyrights, licences, concessions, patent rights, or inventions privileges, trademarks or secret process which may seem capable or being used for any of the purpose of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company and to use, excercise, develop or grant licences in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information, to acquire and to expend money in experimenting upon and testing and improving or seeing to improve any patent rights, inventions, discoveries, process of information of the Company or which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
  - To undertake the payment of all rents and the performance of all
    convenants, conditions and agreements contained in and reserved
    by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or be otherwise
    acquired by the Company.
  - 7. To acquire and take over as a going concern by purchase of, or on lease and to undertake, to carry on the whole or any part of the business together with the goodwill and trade name, property rights, and liabilities of any person or persons, firm or any company carrying on any business any part of the purposes of which is within the objects of the Company and to or which the Company is

authorised to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company and to pay for the same by shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, cash or otherwise, and to conduct and carry on or liquidate and wind up any such business.

- 8. Subject to the Provisions of Act, to amaigamate, enter into foreign or Indian technical and/or financial collaboration, partnership or enter into any arrangement for sharing or dealing in profits union of interest, co-operation joint-venture reciprocal concession, or otherwise with any person, firm, corporation or Government or company carrying on engaged in or about to carry on or engaged in any business. Undertaking or transaction which may seem capable of being carried on or conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to lend money, to guarantee the contracts or otherwise assigns any such persons, firm or company and to take or otherwise acquire and to hold share or securities of any such persons, terms or companies, to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same.
- 9. To promote, form and to be interested in, and take, hold and dispose of shares in any other company having objects similar altogether or in part of those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to subsidise or assist any such company financially or otherwise by issuing or subscribing for or guaranteeing the subscription and issue of shares, stocks, debenture-stock, or other securities of such company, to transfer to any such company any property of this Company and to take or otherwise acquire, hold and dispose of shares, debentures and other securities, in or of any such company.
- 10. To enter into, make and perform, contracts and arrangements, of every kind and description with corporate body, municipality or local body, State or Central Government or any companies, firms or persons that may seem conductive to the Company's objects or any rights, privileges, charters, contracts, concessions, licences or purchases and sales of any kind of securities, shares, stocks, debentures, etc., which the Company may think desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- 11. To sell, sublet, mortgage, lease, manage, easement, develop exchange, grant licence, dispose of, or transfer the business, immovable or movable property and undertaking of the Company or any part thereof or any part of the property, rights and concessions of the Company in such manner and upon such terms and conditions and for such considerations the Directors of the Company, may think fit to accept and in particulars for cash, shares, debentures, debenture-stock, bonds, or securities of any

- other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- 12. To receive, raise, or borrow money from time to time for any of the purposes of the Company by deposits, bonds, debentures or promissory notes or by taking credit in, or opening current accounts with any individual or firm or with any Bank or Bankers and whether with or without giving any security, goods or other articles or by mortgaging, pledging, charging, hypothecating, or selling or receiving advances, on sale of any lands, buildings, and machinery goods, assets or revenue of the Company present or future including its uncalled capitals or by issue of debentures or debenture-stock, convertible into shares of this or any other Company or to convey the same absolutely or in trust and give lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay of such securities.
- 13. To lend deposit moneys belonging to or entrusted to or at the disposal of the Company to such person or company and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company with or without security upon which such terms as may be thought proper and to invest or otherwise employ such moneys in such manner as may be thought proper and from time to time to vary such transactions. The Company shall not carry on banking business as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- To give guarantee for the performance of discharge of any obligations, liabilities, duties or the payments of moneys by any persons, firms, and companies or Governments or States and to give indemnities.
- 15. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured by or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, debenture-stock, contracts, mortgages, charges obligations, instruments, and securities of any company or of any such authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or of any persons whomsoever, whether incorporated or not incorporated and generally to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of any contracts or obligations.
- 16. To assist any company, financially or otherwise, or by issuing or guaranteeing the subscription and issue of capital, shares, stock, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities and to hold deal in shares, stock and securities of any company, notwithstanding there may liability thereon.
- To place, to receive, or to distribute as bonus shares among the members or otherwise to apply, any moneys received by way of

premium on shares or debenture issued at a premium by the Company and any moneys receipt in respect of on forfeited shares and moneys arising from the sale by the Company or forfeited shares.

- 18. Subject to the provision of the Companies Act, 1956, to distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company. However, the Company shall not declare any dividend in specie.
- 19. To draw, make, issue, accept, transfer and endorse, discount, execute and negotiate promissory notes, hundles, bills of exchange, cheques, drafts, bill of lading, letters of credit and other negotiable or commercial or mercantile instruments connected with the business of the Company.
- 20. To open accounts with any bank or banks and to deposit moneys therein and to draw and endorse cheques on and to withdraw moneys from such accounts and generally operate upon same (whether overdrawn or not) as may be required for any of the objects or purposes of the Company.
- To insure any of the persons, properties, undertaking, contracts, guarantee or obligations or profits of the Company of every nature and kind in any manner whatsoever.
- To refer any dispute, claim or demand by or against the Company or between the members to arbitration and observe and perform the awards.
- To employ experts to investigate and to examine into the conditions, prospects, value, character and circumstances of any business concerns and undertakings and generally of any assets, property or rights.
- 24. To be interested in, promote and undertake the formation and establishment of such institutions, association, chamber of commerce, or other bodies business, pools, combine, syndicates, industrial, trading or manufacturing within the objects of the Company as may be considered to be conductive to the profit and interest of the Company and to acquire promote and/or subsidise and industry or undertaking.
- 25. To undertake and execute any trusts, the undertaking whereof may seem desirable either gratuitously or otherwise and/or make donations to any person, company or association and to subscribe or guarantee money for any national, international, charitable, benevolent, educational, public, general or other useful object, activity, exhibition, or trade show which may be the objects of the

Company or the interest of its members or for the welfare of the staff.

- 26. To enter into any arrangements and to take all necessary or proper steps with Governments or with other authorities, supreme. national, local municipal or otherwise of any place which the Company may have interest and to carry on any negotiations or operations for the purpose of directly carrying out the objects of Company or effect in any modifications in the constitution of the Company or furthering the interests of its members and to oppose any such steps taken by the other company, firm or person, which may be considered likely directly or its members and to promote or assist the promotion, whether directly or indirectly, of any legislation which may appear to be in the interest of the Company and to oppose and resist whether directly of indirectly legislation which may seem disadvantageous to the Company and to obtain from such Government authority or any Company, any charter, contract, decrees, rights, agents, loans, privileges or concession which the Company may think desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements charters, contracts, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions.
- 27. To promote, form and register and aid in promotion, formation and registration of any company or companies, subsidiary or otherwise for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, undertaking, rights and liabilities of such seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company and to be interested in or take or otherwise acquire, purchase, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, debentures and other securities in or of any such company, or any other company for all or any of the objects mentioned in this Memorandum and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such company and to appoint Directors undertake the management or other work, duties and business of any such Company on such terms and conditions as may be arranged.
- 28. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund, divided equalisation fund, capital redemption fund or any other special fund whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the property of the Company or for redemption of debentures or redeemable to the interest of the company.
- 29. To provide for the welfare of the Directors, ex-directors, employees, or ex-employees of the Company or its predecessors in business and the wives and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings, chawls, or quarters or by grants of money, pensions, gratuities, superannuation funds, allowances, bonuses, awards.

profits sharing or other scheme or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals, and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Company shall think fit and to establish, maintain and grant scholarships to any persons for technical study and education in India and elsewhere which may be necessary or useful for any of the objects of the Company, and to subscribe or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality or operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.

- To aid, pecuniarily or otherwise, any association or movement having for an object the solution, settlement or surmounting of industrial or labour problems or the promotions of industry or trade.
- 31. To pay out of the founds of the Company, all expenses of and incidental to the promotion, formation, registration, advertisements and establishments of this Company and the issue of subscription of the shares of loans or capital including brokerage, underwriting or other commission for obtaining applications for or placing or guaranteeing the placing of shares or any debentures, debenture-stock and other securities of this Company and also all expenses attending the issue or any circular or notices, and the printing, stamping, circulating proxies and forms to be filled up by the members of the Company.
- 32. To do all any of the above things and all such things as are incidentals or may be conductive to the attainment of the objects or any of them in any part in India or elsewhere and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- 33. To exercise all or any of its corporate powers, rights and privileges and to conduct in business in all or any of its branches in the Union of India and in any or all states, territories, possessions, colonies, and dependencies thereof in any or all foreign countries either on salary and commission and have, maintain and to discontinue, such number of offices and agencies therein as may be convenient.
- 34. The Company may at any time invite and receive or without any such invitation receive any gifts of immovable or movable property and offerings or voluntary donations or bequests and legacies either from the shareholder or from any other person for all or any of the objects of the Company with or without any special conditions provided such receipts or the conditions attached are not inconsistent with or derogatory to any of the objects of the

Company. Subject to any such conditions as aforesaid, all such gifts, donations, grants, offerings, and other immovable properties shall be treated as forming part of the property of the Company and be applied accordingly; the Directors shall in their absolute discretion be entitled to decide whether they shall invite or accept any such gifts, donation, grant, offering, legacy of bequest and they shall be at liberty to refuse any of them without giving any reason for such refusal.

- 35. To distribute among the members of the Company dividends including bonus shares (including fractional share certificates) out of profits, accumulated profits or funds and resources of the Company in any manner permissible under law.
- To procure the company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.

## (C) OTHER OBJECTS :-

- A.1. To manufacture, extract, process, buy, sell, distribute, import, export or otherwise deal in all kinds of edible and non-edible oils, oilseeds, oil cakes, manureş and fertilisers, bran, flours, foods, and food products, fatty acids, lecithin, soaps, glycerine, all kinds of nuts, seeds and substances, oil-bearing proteins, its products, derivatives and formulations and to acquire necessary plants and machinery and land for oil milling, solvent extraction, miscella refining, compounded cattle feed, protein, vanaspati and chemical plants and to deal in raw materials and components required to manufacture any of the foregoing.
- To manufacture, buy, sell distribute, import, export or otherwise deal in edible soya flour and soya products, its derivatives and formulations, dal like products, milk-like products, animal feed, poultry feed fish feed and pig feed.
- To manufacture, produce, refine, prepare for market distill, treat, cure, submit, to any process, purchase, sell, and otherwise trade or deal in, export and import and dispose of and turn to account vegetable oils, essential oils, chemicals, including aromatic chemicals and perturnery compounds, gum, molasses, syrups, alcohol, spirits, malts and other gums and residual and other produce or products and by-products thereof.
- 4. To carry on all or any of the business of scap, detergents and candle makers, and dealers, tallow merchants, chemists, druggists, dry salters, oil merchants, engineers, founders, manufactures of dyes, paints, chemicals and explosives, printers and publishers of pamphlets, magazines, books, and newspapers, tinsmiths, box and packing cases makers, and manufactures of

and dealers in pharmaceutical, chemical, medicinal and other preparations or compounds, perfumery and proprietory articles of every description.

- 5. To carry on business as manufacturers and producers of, dealers in and preservers of food, foodgrains, vegetables, fruits, spices, groundnut cake, flour and proteins, and in particular canned goods, such as syrups, vinegar, assavas, sweets, condiments, spices, baby food, fruit products, vegetable of all kinds, and all allied and by products thereof and for the purposes thereof to establish preservation centres and canning and other factories at any place or places, and to develop such and other allied business and to give subsidies to farmers, fishermen, and other persons doing such business or who can grow and/or procure necessary materials as required by the Company.
- To promote, help, encourage and/or undertake cultivation, production and collection of flowers, herbs, roots, leaves, seeds, woods, resins, and other substances suitable for the manufacture of essential oils, aromatic chemicals and perfumery compounds.
- To carry on business as dealers in, importers, exporters, manufacturers, producers, and preservers of dairy, farm and garden produce of all kinds, and in particular milk, cream, butter, cheese and any other milk products, poultry, and eggs, fruits and vegetables.
- 8. To purchase or otherwise acquire and to carry on the businesses of deep-sea fishers, fishers, fish salesmen, whole sale and retail fish merchants, ice manufactures, cold storages keepers, warehousemen, manufacture of fish oils of all kinds, oil merchants and refiners, utilisers of fish refuse and manure manufacturers, and to carry on the business of wholesale or retail dealers of fishes, whether raw or after deep-freeze, dehydration or any other process.
- 9. To plant, grow, cultivate, produce and raise, purchase, sell, deal, in or turn to account or otherwise dispose of oilseeds, grains, food products, fruits, vegetables, cotton, tobacco, India-rubber, gutta-percha and other gums and all other plants, grass, trees, crops and natural products of any kind whatsoever, or otherwise to cultivate any land of the Company and grow any suitable crop thereon.
- 10. To work mines of quarries and to prospect for, search for, find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture or otherwise deal with limestone, chalk, clay, ores, minerals, metals, oils, precious and other stones, or deposit or products and generally to carry on the business of mining in all branches.

- To carry on business as quarry masters and stone merchants, and to buy, sell, get, work, shape, hew, carve, polish, crush, and prepare for market or use stone of all kinds.
- 12. To carry on business as road and pavement makers and repairs and manufactures of and dealers in lime, cement, mortar, concrete, and building materials of all kinds, and as builders and contractors for the execution of works and buildings of all kinds in the construction of which stone is required.
- 13. To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling, exchange, converting, attering, importing, exporting, processing, twisting of otherwise handling of dealing in Rayon Yarn also known as continuous Filament Rayon or Artificial Silk yarn and all Synthetic Fibre or Fibres for Textile use, Staple Fibre, Staple Fibre Yarn also known as Spun Rayon and such Fibre, Fibres or Fibrous materials or Yarn of Yarn for Textiles.
- To apply for tender, purchase, or otherwise: acquire any contracts, sub-contracts, licences and concession to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose of or otherwise turn account the same.
- 15. To buy, sell, manufacture, plant, cultivate, produce, prepare, treat, repair, alter, manipulate, exchange, hire, let on hire, import, export dispose of and deal in articles and things which may be required for the purpose of any of the business which the Company is expressly or by implication authorised by this Memorandum to carry on, or which are commonly supplied or dealt in by persons engaged in any such business, or which may seem capable of being profitable dealt with in connection with any of the said business.
  - 16. To offer and enter into contracts and agreements for services in connection with the undertaking of market surveys and for development of markets in any part of the world for raw materials, minerals, substances, commodities, goods, and other articles and things and for that purpose to act as superintendents surveyors, valuers and analysers.
  - To act as contractors, suppliers, agents, importers and exporters for any Government or autonomous body or any organisation in the private or public sector.
  - 18. To carry on in any place in the world business of traders in merchandise and household appliances which can be advantageously or conveniently carried on, by the Company, by way of extension of, or in connection with, any of the Company's objects or calculated directly or indirectly, to develop any of the Company's business or to enhance the value of, or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

- 19. To do the advertising business and to adopt such means of making known the products of any company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, radio, television etc, by circulars, posters, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books, periodicals and by granting prizes, awards, and donations (including donations to any fund for charitable or public purpose).
- To repair, alter, remodel, clean, renovate, convert, manipulate and prepare for resale and resell any goods and property from time to time belonging to the Company.
- To manage, investment pools, mutual fund syndicate, in shares, stocks, securities, finance, and real estates.
- 22. To carry on the business of exporters, importers, contractors, stockists, purchasers, sellers, agents, brokers, dealers and general order suppliers in all kinds of Mild, Alloy, Stainless steel, machinery parts, packages, packing materials or pressed metalwares and articles made of fin, metal, aluminium, stainless steel, plates and sheets, wires of all descriptions.
- 23. To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein, and any rights over or connected with land so situate and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and in particular by preparing building sites and by constructing, reconstructing, altering, improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining office, flats, houses, hotels, restaurants, shops, factories, warehouses, wharves, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds and by consolidating or connecting or subdividing properties and by leasing and disposing of the same.
- To carry on all kinds of Merchant Banking Activities, Issue Management, Corporate Advisory Services, underwriting, port folio management services, and Share brokers, as consultants or advisors.
- 25. To carry on the business of software selling, development, distribution, dealership, trading, importers, exporters, wholesalers and dealers in all kinds of software, computer peripheral, hardware, moderns, hard diskettes, CD roms and any of the allied items used in Information Technology, to provide professional consultancy services within and/or outside India in the field of human resources, manpower and personnel including placement and export of personnel for employment within India and/or outside India, to carry on the business of running consultancy services, selection of computer systems, software media, peripherals and related items,

computer personnel and computerization in general, running computer bureau, hiring of computer hardware, software time and servicing, computer output, microfilming, transparencies, audio visual presentations, electronic publishing, to hold seminars courses, business conferences and to run training institute in computer systems, programming, operation and in systems analysis, operation research, data entry and processing, electronic main, networking, office automation, to provide software development and maintenance personnel, to work at customer's site, to provide consultancy services in preparation of project reports, systems, studies, tenders to provide long term and short term, studies, tenders servicing and replacement of computer systems, peripherals and related equipments, to carry on the business of developing, designing and maintaining on-shore or offshore programmer and to import, export, develop, design, implement or undertake turnkey projects of computers, computer related hardware, software, application software, peripherals and electronic systems, to carry on the business of importer, exporter, indenter whole-seller, designer, developer or manufacturer of all kinds of computers, components, computer peripherals and other electronic systems, to carry on the business in training, education, management and consultancy services relating to information technologies and electronic systems.

To carry on business related to internet, e-commerce, web services including service providing, marketing, development, designing of sites, having subscribers etc. and any other business related to this field.

To carry on business to provide services within and outside relating to transcription, insurance claims, call centres etc.

26. To carry on the business as traders, commission agents, merchants, agents, brokers, representatives, distributors, dealers, stockists, exporters or importers of goods, plants, machineries, equipment, apparatus, gadgets, appliances, accessories, spare parts and other merchandise including tea, coffee, cocoa, jute and jute goods, textiles, cotton, yarn, synthetics, clothes, dresses. garments, wool and woolen goods, leather and leather goods. handlcrafts, pieces of arts, jewellery, ornaments, iron and steel and steel products, fibre glass, pvc, plastic, rubber, all types of precious stones, gold, silver, alloys, platinum, diamond, pearls, glass products, ceramics, refractories, chemicals, gases, explosives, engineering goods, minerals and metals, electronics, musical and sports goods, nickels, aluminium, coppers, brass, zinc, tin and their products, books, reading and educative materials, paper and paper products in India and abroad.

- B.1. To plant, cultivate, produce and raise sugar-cane, cotton, jute, hemp flax, food grains, oilseeds, fruits and seeds, nuts, vegetables and to prepare preserve, manufacture, crush and render marketable any such produce and to deal in the same.
- 2. To establish, purchase, sell, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire and work, and textile mill, handlooms, powerlooms, or other mills, cotton ginning and pressing and factory, jute mills, jute presses, hemp or other fibre presses, spinning mills, weaving mills and chemical factories, waste plants or presses for pressing merchandise into bales to cultivate, process, buy, sell, import, export, pledge, speculate enter into forward transactions or otherwise deal in raw jute, hessian and B. Twills, cotton, kapas, cotton seeds, flax, hemp and silk.
- 3. To search, prospect, win, work, get, raise, quarry, smelt, refine, dress, manufacture, press or produce, plant, manipulate, convert, make merchantable, sell, buy or deal in lime, cement, glass, paper, sugar, oil, oil products, oilseeds, rice, dal, tea, coffee, rubber, cocoa, coal coke, iron, ironstone, marble, limestone, silica, mica brick, earth, fireclay, manganese, mineral oils, ochres, clays and other metals, metalligerous ores, mineral and to manufacture, sell, buy and deal in any of such articles and commodities and to carry on the business of manufacture of bricks, tiles, pipes, pottery, earthen ware, china and terracotta and cream and ceramic ware of all kinds.
- To carry on the business of transport and any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, relating to transport as covered by the objects clause.
- To build, construct, alter, enlarge, remove, pull, down, replace, maintain, improve, develop, work, run, control and/or manage any buildings, hotels, clubs, restaurants, baths, the timeplaces of workship, places of amusements, pleasure, grounds, parks, gardens, reading rooms, to vary, shops and dairies.
- To carry on the business of manufacturers or processors and/or importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists and distributers of and/or dealers in all kinds of chemicals, drugs, pharmaceuticals, plastics, paints, varnishes, paper, tyres, tubes, films and vehicles.
- To carry on the business of chemists, druggists, researchers, technicians, designers, planners, advisers, purchasers, teşters, erectors, superintendents and contractors.
- To carry on the business of engineering whether mechanical, electrical structural, architectural, civil, chemical, marine or electronic and to engage in the business of tool makers, iron and

steel and brass founders, wagon builders, metal workers, iron and steel converters, wood worker builders, painters, land estate and house agents, furniture makers, gold and silver smiths.

- To carry on all or any of the business of cartage and haulage contractors, garage proprietors, owners and charterers of road vehicles, air crafts, barges and boats of every description; charterers of ships and lightermen and carriers of goods and passengers by road, rail and water; forwarding, transport, commission clearing and customs agents, packers, warehouse men, storekeepers and job masters.
- To carry on the business of iron masters, steel converters, stainless steel makers, fabricators, smelters, manufacturers of tools and implements, and iron and alloy founders.
- To carry on the trades or business of colliery proprietors, coal merchants, miners, smelters engineers, lime-burners and manufacturers of brick, tile, cement, lime coke and other byproducts of coal in all their respective branches.
  - 12. To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials, and things for industrial, commercial and domestic use as covered by the objects clause.
  - To carry on the business of iron founders, civil and mechanical 13. engineers,and manufacturers of agricultural, industrial and other machinery and tool bits, machine toolmakers, brass founders, metal workers, boiler-makers, makers of locomotive and engines of every description, mill-wrights, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, woodworkers, builders, painters, metallurgists, electrical engineers, water supply engineers, gas makers, farmers, printers, carriers and merchants and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, dressers, preheaters, burners, steel files, furnaces, oil fired of otherwise, welding rods, fluxes welding, safety equipments, air compressors, roling stock and hardware of all kinds, nuts, bolts, hooks, pins, panels, iron doors, and windows, grills, truck and bus body building, pressing, pressing and punching, moulding carpentary machine tools, tip wagons, railway points and crossing railway signals, wire rope, civil rope, coir rope, jute rope, canvas, tarpaulins, small machineries, hamilton poles, and pole fixtures. priestlines, flour mills, oil mills, dal mills and machineries for flour mills (Chakki), oil mills, dal mills, jute mills, machineries and spares, looms, feather milling machine, drilling machine, general filting accessories and appliances.

- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- \* V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 19,00,00,000,000/(Rupees Nineteen Crores) divided into 1,40,00,000 (One Crore Forty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- (Rupees Five) each and 1,20,00,000 (One Crore Twnety Lakhs) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each with the rights, privileges and conditions attaching thereto as are provided by the Articles of Association of the Company with power to increase and reduce the Capital of the Company and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into the several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may be permitted by the Companies Act, 2013 or any other law relating to companies for the time being in force.

Amended vide Ordinary Resolution passed in 23rd AGM held on 18th September, 2017.

We, the several persons, whose names, addresses and description are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into the Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

_	Signature, Names, Addresses, Occupations and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each Subscribers	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Witness
1)	Sushil Patwari SUSHIL PATWARI S/o Sri Ishwar Lai Patwari 8/1E, Diamond Harbour Road Calcutta - 700 027 Industrialist	100 (one Hundred)	
2)	Minakshi Petwari MINAKSHI PATWARI W/o Sri Sushii Patwari 8/1E, Diamond Harbour Road Calcutta - 700 027 Business	100 (one Hundred)	
3)	Kedar Nafh Bansal KEDAR NATH BANSAL S/o Late Mata Deen Bansal 8N, Samar Sarani Calcutta - 700 002 Service	100	ories :- NWAL medi
4)	Shakoor Chobdar SHAKOOR CHOBDAR S/o Late Ismeil Khan Chobdar 17, Beck Bagan Row Flat No. 17, Calcutta - 700 017 Service	(one Hundred)	Witness for all the Signatori Nirmal Kurnar Agarwal NIRMAL KUMAAR AGARW SVo Sri Chiranjilal Agarw Clo. Suril Chandra Roy 304, M. N. Shah Road Calcutta - 700 012
5)	Sukumar Roy SUKUMAR ROY S/o Sri Niranjan Roy East Shibachal Road P.O. Birati, Calcutta - 700 051	(one Hundred)	Minne N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
6)	Service Ujjel Kanti Seha UJJAL KANTI SAHA S/o Sri Sudhangshu Mohan Saha 49A, Beleghete Main Road Calcutta - 700 010	(one Hundred)	
7)	Service Asulesh Praead Seth ASULESH PRASAD SETH S/o Late Suresh Praear Seth 4, Bansdroni Place, Calcutta-70 Service	(one Hundred)  100 (one Hundred)	=
	Total	700 (Seven Hundred)	i é

Dated, 17th August, 1994

Calcutta

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

### COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

# NAGREEKA CAPITAL & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Company held on 01-02-2007)

Save as reproduced herein the regulation contained in Table "X" in Table Anot to 1. apply Schedule I to the Act Shall not apply to the Company.

### INTERPRETATION

(1) In the interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to the Interpretation 2. subject or context :

> "The Company" or "This Company" means "NAGREEKA CAPITAL The Company or & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED'.

"The Act" means "The Companies Act 1956" or any statutory The Act modification or re-enactment therefore for the time being in force.

"Annual General Meeting" means a general meeting of the Members Annual General held in accordance with the provisions of Section 166 of the Act or Mooting any adjourned meeting thereof.

"Auditors" means and include those persons appointed as such Auditors for the time being by the Company or its Board.

"Board" or "Board of Directors" or "the Board" means the Board of Board 'Board of Directors for the time being of the Company'.

"Board Meeting" means a meeting of the Directors or a committee Board Meeting thereof duly called and constituted, or as the case may be, the Directors assembled at the Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company collectively.

"Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or Capital authorised to be raised, for the purpose of the Company.

"Debenture" includes debenture-stock.

Debenture

"Dividend" includes interim dividend.

Bevidend

"Extraordinary General Meeting", means an extraordinary general Extraordnary of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned meeting thereof.

Member

"Member' means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

Meeting

"Meeting" or "General Meeting" means a meeting of members.

Month

"Month" means a calendar month.

Office

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Ordinary Resolution A resolution shall be an ordinary resolution when at a general meeting of which the notice required under the Act has been duly given, the votes cast (whether on a show of hands, or on a poil as the case may be) in favour of the resolution (including the casting vote, if any, of the chairman) by members, who being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the resolution by members so entitled and voting.

Paid up

"Paid-up" includes credited as paid-up.

Persons

"Persons" includes corporations and firms as well as individuals.

Postal Ballot

"Postal Ballot" shall mean voting by post through ballot papers distributed amongst eligible voters and shall include voting by electronic mode.

Register of Members "Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to the Act.

Registrar

"Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the Registered Office of the Company is for the time being situated.

Secretary

"Secretary" means any individual possessing the qualification prescribed for the time being by or under the Act or any rules made there under and appointed to perform the duties, which may be performed by Secretary under the Act, and any other ministerial or administrative duties.

Seal

"Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.

Share

"Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied.

Small Shareholder

"Small Shareholder" means a shareholder holding shares of the nominal value of twenty thousand rupees or less.

Special Resolution

A resolution shall be a special resolution when

- (a) the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly specified in the notice convening the general meeting or other intimation given to the members of the resolution.
- (b) the notice required under the Act has been duly given of the general meeting; and
- (c) the votes cast in favour of the resolution whether on a show of hands, or on a poll as the case may be by members, who being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are

allowed, by proxy, are not less than three times the number of the votes, if any, cast against the resolution by members so entitled.

"Written" and "In Writing" include printing, lithography, computer modes and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

"Year" means the calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have Year and Financial the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(17) of the Act.

Words importing the singular number include, where the context Singular Number admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine Gender gender.

- (2) The marginal notes used in these Articles shall not affect the construction or meaning of the subject.
- (3) Save as aforesaid, words or expressions, defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

### CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

- The Authorized Share Capital of the company shall be the capital as Amount of Capital 3. specified in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association, with power to increase and reduce the Share Capital of the company and to divide the shares in the Capital for the time being into several classes as permissible in law and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company to vary, modify, amalgamate or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for time being be provided in the Articles of Association.
- The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase the Increase of Capital Capital by the creation of new Shares. Such increase to be of such by the Company aggregate amount and to be divided into such shares of such respective into effect amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any shares of the original or increased capital shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General. Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct, and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, or otherwise and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meetings of the Company in conformity with Section 87 of the Act. Whenever the Capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of this Article, the Directors shall comply with the-provisions of Section 97 of the Act.

5. Except in so far as otherwise provided in the conditions of issue of Office shares by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be

subject to provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

#### Redeemable Preference Shares

 Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issue Preference Shares, which at or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.

#### Provision applicable on the issue of Pedeemable Preference Shares

- On the issue of Redeemable Preference Shares under the provisions of Article 6 hereof, the following provisions shall take effect:
  - (a) no such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh Issue of shares made for the purpose of the redemption.
  - (b) no such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid.
  - (c) Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of the profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called the "Capital Redemption Reserve Account" a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, excepts as provided in Section 80 of the Act, apply as, if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid up share capital of the Company.

#### Reduction of Capital

8. The Company may (subject to the Provisions of Section 78, 80, 100 to capital 105 both inclusive, of the Act) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce its capital, any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or Share Premium Account in any manner for the time being authorized by law, and in particular, capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called upon again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogality from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.

#### Sub-division, consolidation and cancellation of shares

9. Subject to the provisions of Section 94 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may from time to time sub-divide or consolidate its shares, or any of them, and the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided, may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital of otherwise over or as compared with the other or others. Subject as aforesaid, the Company in General Meeting may also cancel shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares of cancelled.

#### Modification of rights

 Whenever the Capital is divided into different classes of shares all of any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act, be modified. commuted, affected or abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class, provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three-fourths of nominal value of the issued shares of the class of is confirmed by a Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of shares of that class and supported by the votes of the holders of at least three-fourths of those shares, and all the provisions hereinafter contained as to General Meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such Meeting, but so that the quorum thereof shall be members present in person or by proxy and holding three fourths of the nominal amount of the issued shares of the class. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.

### SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

The Company shall cause to be kept a. Register and Index of Members Register and Index 11. in accordance with Sections 150 and 151 of the Act. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any State or country outside India a branch Register of Members resident in that State or country.

The shares in the Capital shall be numbered progressively according. Shares to be 12. to their several denominations, and except in the manner herein before progressively and mentioned, no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered no share to be share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally subdivided distinguished.

Where at the time after the expiry of two years from the formation of the Further issue of 13. Company or at any time after the expiry of one year from the allotment capital of shares in the Company made for the first time after its formation, whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by allotment of further shares, either out of the un-issued capital or out of the increased share capital then:

- (a) such further shares-shall be offered to the persons who on the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion as near as circumstances admit, to the capital paid-up on those shares at the date.
- (b) Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than thirty days from the date of the offer and the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined.
- (c) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub clause (b) hereof shall contain a statement of this right. PROVIDED that the Directors may decline without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may . renounce the shares offered to him.
- (d) After the expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is

given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner as they may think, in their sole discretion, deem fit.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the sub-clause (1) thereof, the further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons (whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) of sub clause (1) hereof) in any manner whatsoever.
  - If a special resolution to that effect is passed by the company in general meeting; or
  - (ii) where no such special resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll, as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution, moved in the general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the Chairman) by members who, being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes if any, cast against the proposal by members so entitled to voting and the Central Government is satisfied on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf, that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company.
- (2) Nothing in sub-clause (c) of (1) hereof shall be deemed :
  - (a) To extend the time within which the offer should be accepted;
     or
  - (b) To authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
- (3) Nothing in this article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debenture issued or loan raised by the company;
  - To convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company; or
  - (ii) To subscribe for shares in the company (whether such option is conferred in these articles or otherwise).

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term :

- (a) Either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in conformity with Rules, if any, made by that government in this behalf; and
- (b) in the case of debentures or loans or other than debentures issued to or loans obtained from government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting before the issue of the debentures or raising of the loans.

14. Subject to the provisions of section 81 of the act and these Articles, the dispose of the shares in the capital of the company for the time being shall be under Directors the Directors controls of the directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of section 79 of the act) at discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the company in the general meeting to give to any persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the directors think fit and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may, be issued as fully paid up shares and N so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any persons without the

sanction of the company in the general meeting.

disposal of the

15. In addition to and without derogating from the powers for the purpose The power also to conferred on the Board under Articles 13 and 14, the Company in general meeting to General Meeting may, subject to the provisions of Section 81 of the authorise issue of Act, determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether members or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company, either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting of the Company and the General Meeting may make any other provisions whatspever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.

company in shares

Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Acceptance of 16. Company, followed by an allotment of any share shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles and every person who, does or otherwise accepts shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purpose of these Articles, be a member.

The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any share Deposit and call to 17. being made by them require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call be a debt payable immediately or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them shall immediately on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

Every member, or his heirs, executors or administrators shall pay to Liability of 18. the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or Members

shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times, and in such manner as the Board shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.

Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates each for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have ready for delivery of such certificates within 3 month from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide or within 1 month of the receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, subdivision or consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be. Every certificate of shares shall be under the seal of the company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors. may prescribe or approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be borne to issue more than one certificates and delivery of a certificate of shares to one of several joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

20. If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Every certificates under the article shall be issued without payment of fees if the directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (not exceeding Rs. 2 for each certificates) as the directors shall prescribe, provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced, worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the directors shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirement of any stock exchange or the rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other act or the rules applicable in this behalf.

The provision of this act shall mutatis mutandis apply to the debentures of the company.

The first named joint holder deemed to be sole holder

21. If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall, as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notice and all or any other matter connected with the Company, except voting at meetings, be deemed the sole holder thereof, but the joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such shares for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations.

22. Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by law company not bound to recognized the Company not required, the Company shall not be bound to recognize any equitable, any interest in contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or (except provided) share other than any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in rolder accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof; but the Board shall be at liberty at their sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

bound to recognise that of registered

The Company shall have power, subject to and in accordance with all Buy-back of 23. the applicable provisions of the Act and the rules made there under, to company purchase any of its own fully paid shares or other specified securities whether or not they are redeemable and may make a payment out of its free reserves or securities premium account of the Company or proceeds of any shares or other specified securities provided that no buy back of any kind of shares or other specified securities shall be made out of the proceeds of an earlier issue of the same kind of shares or same kind of other specified securities or from such other sources as may be permitted by Law on such terms, conditions and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Law from time to time in respect of such purchase.

securities by the

 Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on the condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing allotment of share, attending (not voting) at the general meeting, appointment of directors and otherwise debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the company in the general meeting by a special resolution.

## UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE

Subject to the provisions of Section 76 of the Act, the Company may at Commission may any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely on conditionally) for any shares in or debentures of the Company, but so that the commission shall not exceed in the case of shares, five per cent of the price at which the shares are issued, and in the case of debentures, two and a half per cent of the price at which the debentures are issued. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly "in one way and partly in the other.

The Company may pay a reasonable sum for brokerage. 26.

Brokerage

## INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL

Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any work or building, or the provision 27. of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the

conditions and restrictions provided by Section 208 of the Act and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building, or the provision of plant.

#### CALLS

#### Directors may make calts

- 28. (a) The Board may, from time to time and subject to the terms on which any shares have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution) make such call as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at the times and places appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by instalments.
  - (b) That option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the issuer in general meetings.

#### Notice of calls

 Fifteen days notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.

#### Calls to date from resolution

 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing such call was passed at a meeting of the Board.

#### Calls may be revoked or postponed

- 31. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
- The option or right to call of shares not be given to any person except with the senction of the company in general meeting.
- The joint-holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

#### Directors may extend time

34. The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension save as a member of grace and favour.

#### Calls to carry interest

35. If any member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest of the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board, but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member.

#### Sums deemed to be calls

36. Any sum, which may by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable, on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable and in case of non-payment, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to

payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise, shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

37. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company Proof on trial of suit for money due on against any member or his representatives for the recovery of any shares money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member, in respect of whose shares, the money is sought to be recovered appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder, at or subsequently to the date at which the money is sought to be recovered, is alleged to have become due on the shares in respect of such money is sought to be recovered; that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the Minute Book; and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his representatives used in pursuance of these Articles and that it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matter aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

for money due on

Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which Partial payment 38. shall from time to time be due from any member to the Company in torteiture respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

not to preclude

The directors may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of section Calls in advance 39. 92 of the act, agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same whole or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually paid for, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds . the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the company pay interest at such rate. as the member paying such sum in advance and the directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividend. The directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.

The members shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment. become presently payable.

The provisions of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the calls on debentures of the Company.

### LIEN

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares. Company to have (other than fully paid-up shares) registered in the name of each member 40.

lien on shares

(whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares and no equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing, and upon the condition that Article 22 hereof is to have full effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares. The directors may at any time declare any shares wholly or in part to be exempt from the provision of this clause.

#### As to enforcing lien 41, by sale

For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they shall think fit, and for that purpose may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and may authorize one of their member to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such member. No sale shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived, and until notice in writing of the intention to sell, shall have been served on such member or his representatives and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfillment, or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for fourteen days after such notice.

#### Application of proceeds of sale

42. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the persons entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

### FORFEITURE OF SHARE

If call or installment 43, not paid notice may be given.

3. If any member falls to pay any call or installment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same the Board may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, serve notice on such member requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non payment.

Form of notice.

44. The notice shall name a day (not being less than thirty days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time, and at the place appointed the shares in respect of which such call was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If notice not complied with shares may be tortoited. 45. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, any shares in respect of which such notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses, due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares -and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

When any shares shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture to a member. shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated, by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.

47. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Forfeited share to become property Company, and the Board may sell, re allot or otherwise dispose of the of the company same in such manner as think fit.

The Board may, at any time before any share so forfeited shall have forteiters. been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.

A person whose share has been forfeited shall cease to be a member Lieblity on 49. in respect of the forfeited share, but shall notwithstanding, remain liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company, all calls, or installment, interest and expenses, owing in respect of such share at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon, from the time of forfeiture until payment, at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof, to any party thereof, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

The forfeiture of a share involve extinction, at the time of the forfeiture, Effect of forfeiture of all interest and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and all other rights, incidental to the share except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of Evidence of the Company, and that certain shares in the Company have been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any, given for the shares on the sale or disposition thereof shall constitute a good title to such shares; and the person to whom any such share is sold shall be registered as the member in respect of such share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture, sale or disposition.

Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of Cancellation of 52. the preceding. Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of foreign respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand shares by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect. and the Directors, shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons, entitled thereto.

#### TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Register of transfers  The Company shall keep a book to be called the "Register of Transfers", and therein shall be fairly and directly entered particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

Instruments of transfer 54. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all provision of section 108 of the companies Act, 1956 and statutory modification there of for the time being shall be duly compiled with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.

To be executed by 55, transferor and transferoe

5. Every such instrument of transfer shall be executed both by transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. The Board shall not issue or register a transfer of any share in favour of a minor (except in cases when they are fully paid up).

Transfer books when closed 56. The Board shall have power on giving seven days' previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in the district in which the Off ice of the Company is situated to close the transfer books, the Register of Members or Register of Debenture holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year, as it may deem expedient,

Directors may refuse to register transfer 57. Subject to the provision of section 111 of the Act and section 22A of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Directors may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reasons decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal, shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a member of the company but in such cases, the director shall within 1 (One) month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of transfer shall not, be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person indebted to the company on any account whatsoever except when the company has a tien on the shares. Transfer of shares/debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused.

Nomination.

58. Every holder of shares in, or Debentures of the Company may at any time nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act, a person to whom his Shares in or Debentures of the Company shall vest in the event of death of such holder.

Where the Shares in, or Debentures of the Company are held by more than one person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate, in the prescribed manner, a person to whom all the rights in the Shares of Debentures of the Company, as the case may be, held by them shall vest in the event of death of all joint holders.

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, or in these Articles, in respect of such Shares in or Debentures of the Company, where a nomination made in the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to vest the Shares in, or Debentures of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the Shareholders or holder of Debentures of the Company or, as the case may be, on the death of all the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the Shares or Debentures of the Company to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner under the provisions of the Act.

Where the nominee is a minor, it shall be lawful for the holder of the Shares or holder of Debentures to make the nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner under the provisions of the Act, any person to become entitled to the Shares in or Debentures of the Company, in the event of his death, during the minority.

Any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the provision of the Transmission in 59. above Article, upon production of such evidence as may be required nominee by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either:

the name of

- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the shares or debentures, as the case may be; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the shares or debentures, as the case may be, as the deceased shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be, could have made.

If the nominee, so becoming entitled, elects himself to be registered as holder of the Shares or Debentures, as the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with death certificate of the deceased shareholder or debenture holder and the certificate (s) of Shares or Debentures, as the case may be, held by the deceased in the Company.

Subject to the provisions of Section 109B(3) of the Act and these Articles, the Board may register the relevant Shares or Debentures In the name of the nominee of the transferee as if the death of the registered holder of the Shares or Debentures had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be.

A nominee on becoming entitled to Shares or Debentures by reason of the death of the holder or joint holders shall be entitled to the same dividend and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the Share or Debenture, except that he shall not before being registered as holder of such Shares or Debentures, be entitled in respect of them to exercise any right conferred on a member or Debenture holder in relation to meetings of the Company.

The Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the Shares or Debentures, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days,

the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses, interest or other moneys payable or rights accrued or accruing in respect of the relevant Shares or Debentures, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

No transfer to insolvent etc.

 No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any insolvent or persons of unsound mind.

Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer (The transmission article) 61.

Subject to the provisions of articles 56 and 57, any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member, or the marriage of a female member, or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents, may with the consent of the Board of Directors (which it shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respects of which he proposes to act under this article of his title, as the holder of the shares or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board of Directors, registered as such holder, provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered he shall testify the election by executing to his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the shares. This Article is referred to in these Articles as the Transmission Article.

Person entitled may receive dividend without being registered as a member

62. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receive and may give discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

Transfer to be presented with evidence of title 63. Every instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company duly stamped for registration accompanied by such evidence as the Board of Directors may require to prove the title of the transferor, his right to transfer the shares and generally under and subject to such conditions and regulations as the Board of Directors shall from time to time prescribe, and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board of Directors.

Conditions of registration of transfer 64. For the purpose of the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the share or shares to be transferred must be delivered to the Company along with (same as provided in Section 108 of the Act) a properly stamped and executed instrument of transfer.

Fee on transfer or transmission  No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, Power of attorney or similar other document.

Company not liable 66, for disregard of a notice in prohibiting registration of transfer The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effort to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the Prejudice of persons having or I claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice

of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice, or deferred thereto, in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board of Directors shall so think fit.

### DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES

- 67. The provisions of this Article shall apply notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in, any other Articles.
  - For the purpose of this Article :

Definitions

Beneficial Owner means a person or persons whose name is recorded as such with a depository, 'SEBI' means the Securities & Exchange Board of India; established under Section 3 of the Securities & Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and

'Depository' means a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 1956, and which has been granted a certificate of registration to act as depository under Securities & Exchange Board of India Act, 1992; and wherein the securities of the Company are dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996.

The Company shall be entitled to dematerialize securities and to Dematerialization offer securities in a dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories of Securities Act, 1996.

3. Every holder of or subscriber to securities of the Company shall have the option to receive certificates for such securities or to hold the securities with a Depository. Such a person who is the beneficial owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by law, in respect of any securities in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates for the Securities.

If a person opts to hold his Securities with the depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the Securities, and on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the Securities.

All securities held by a depository shall be dernaterialized and be -Securities in in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 153, 153A, 153B, depositories to be 1878, 187C and 372A of the Act shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by on behalf of the beneficial owners.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act fiss and beneficial owners.

Rights of Deposito-

or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of securities of the Company on behalf of the beneficial owner.

- (b) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by ft.
- (c) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner of securities in the record of the depository shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of the securities, which are held by a depository and shall be deemed to be a Member of the Company.

# Service of documents

 Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, where securities of the Company are held in a depository, the records of the beneficiary ownership may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.

# Transfer of securities

 Nothing contained in Section 108 of the Act or these Articles, shall apply to a transfer of securities affected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.

#### Allotment of securities dealt with in a depository

 Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act or these Articles, where securities are dealt with by a depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.

#### Distinctive number of securities held in depository

 Nothing contained in the Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held with a depository.

#### Register and Index of Beneficial Owners

 The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and Security holders for the purposes of these Articles.

# COPIES OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES TO BE SENT TO MEMBERS

Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association sent by the company 68. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other documents referred to in Section 39 of the Act shall be sent by the Board to every Member at his request within lifteen days of the request on payment of Re. 1/ - for each copy.

### BORROWING POWERS

#### Power to borrow

69. The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion subject to the provisions of Section 292 of the Act, raise or borrow, either from the Directors or from elsewhere and secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company; provided that the Board shall not without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting borrow any sum of money which together with money borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate for the time being of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set aside for any specific purpose.

The Board may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in Conditions on which money 70. such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it be torrowed thinks fit and in particular, by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable, debentures or debenture-stock, or any mortgage, or other security on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future] including its uncalled capital for the time being.

Any debentures, debenture-stock, bonds other securities may be issued at at a discount and otherwise debentures, debenture-stock, bonds and special privileges other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities with a right of conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with sanction of the Company in General Meeting.

Save as provided in Section 108 of the Act, no transfer of debentures instrument of 72. shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and transferee has been delivered to the Company together with the certificate or certificates of the debentures.

If the Board refuses to register the transfer of any debentures, the Notice of refuses to 73. Company shall, within one month from the date on which the instrument register members of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and to the transferor the notice of such refusal.

The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with Pegister of 74. the provisions of Section 143 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures, be kept and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company, and shall cause the requirements of Sections 118 and 125 and 127 to 144. both inclusive of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as they are ought to be complied with by the Board.

mortgages etc. to

The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep Register Register and Index 75. and index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section. 152 of the holders Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or Country outside India a Branch Register of Debenture-holders, resident in that State or Country.

# CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

The Company in General Meeting may convert any paid-up shares into shares may be stock; and when any shares shall have been converted into stock, the converted to be 76. several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interest therein, or any part of such interest, in the same manner and

subject to the same regulations as, and subject to which the shares from which the stock arcse might have been transferred, if no such conversion had taken place or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. The Company may at any time re-convert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.

Rights of stockholders The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and, advantages as regards dividends and voting at the meetings of the Company, and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privileges or advantages (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets of winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

### MEETING OF MEMBERS

Annual General Meeting Summary General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meeting shall be Extraordinary General Meetings. The first Annual General Meeting shall be held within eighteen months from the date of incorporation of the company and the next Annual General Meeting shall be held within six months after the expiry of the financial year in which the first Annual General Meeting was held and thereafter an Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held within six months after the expiry of each financial year, provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred upon the Registrar under the provisions of Section 166(I) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for on a time during business hours, on a day that is not a public holiday, and shall be held in' the office of the company or at some other place within the city in which the office of the Company is situated as the Board may determine and the Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. The Company may in any one Annual General Meeting fix the time for its subsequent Annual General Meeting. Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall be entitled to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business, concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report (if not already attached in the Audited statement of Accounts) the proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' Share holdings of which latter Register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to be prepared the Annual List of Members, summary of the Share Capital, Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account and forward the same to the Registrar in accordance with Sections 159, 161 and 220 of the Act. -

Extra-ordinary General Meeting  The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting and it shall do so upon a requisition in writing by any member or members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital as at the date carries the right of voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition has been made.

Any valid requisition so made by members must state the object or Regulation of the 80. objects of the meeting proposed to be called and must be signed by the object of meeting requisitionists and be deposited at the office provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in file form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call Con receipt of requisitions 81. an Extraordinary General Meeting, and if they do not proceed within Directors to call twenty one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the office to cause a meeting to be called on a day not later than forty-five requisitorists may days from default requisitionists the date of deposit of the requisition, do so the requisitionists, or such of their may do so number as, represents either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in Section 169(4) of the Act, which ever is less, may themselves call the meeting, bid in either case, any meeting so called shall be held within three months from the date of the delivery of the requisition as aforesaid.

Any meeting called under the foregoing Articles by the requisitionists Meeting called by shall Meeting called by be called in the same manner, as neatly as 82. possible, as that in which requisitionist meetings are to be called by the Board.

Twenty-one days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Annual or Twenty-one days Extraordinary and by whosoever called, specifying the day, place and be given 83. hour of meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner, hereinafter provided, to such persons as are under these Articles entitled to receive notice from the Company. Provided that in the case of an Annual General Meeting with the consent in writing of all the members entitled to vote thereat and in the case of any other meeting, with the consent of members holding not less than 95 percent of such part of the paid up share capital of the Company as gives a right to vote at the meeting any be convened by a shorter notice. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, I any business other than (I) the consideration of the Accounts, Balance Sheets and Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors (ii) the declaration of dividend, (III) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring (iv) the appointment of and fixing of remuneration of the Auditors, is proposed to be transacted then in that event there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all materials facts concerning each such item of business including, in particular, the nature of concern or interest, if any, therein of every director, and the Manager (if any). Where any such item of special business relates to or affects any other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in other company of every Director and the Manager, if any, of the Company shall also be set out . in the Statement if the extent of such share holding interest is not less than 20 percent of the paid-up share capital of that other company, where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Omissions to give notice and to invalidate a resolution passed 84. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any of the members, or the non receipt thereof, shall not invalidate the holding of the meeting or any resolution passed at any such meeting.

Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice 85. No General Meeting, Annual or Extra-ordinary, shall be competent to enter Meeting not to transact upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in business not the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

Quorum of General Meeting

- 86. Five members present in person shall be quorum for a General Meeting.
- A body corporate being a member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 187 of the Act.

If quorum not present meeting to be dissolved or adjourned 88. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company, a quorum shall not be present, the meeting, it convened by or upon the requisition of members shall stand dissolved, but in any other case the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or, if that day is a public holiday, until the next succeeding day which is not a. public holiday, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place in the city or town in which the office of the Company is for the time being situate as the Board may determine and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall be quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

Chairman of General Meeting

- 89. The Chairman (if any) of the Board shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairman of the Board, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall be unable or unwilling to take the Chair, then the directors present may choose one of their member to be the Chairman of the meeting. If no director were present or if all the directors present decline to take the chair, then the Members present shall elect one of their member to be Chairman.
- No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman, while the chair is vacant.

Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting 91. The Chairman with the consent of the members may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place in the city in which it is held but, no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business, left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Questions at general meeting decided 92. At any General Meeting a resolution put to vote at the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by at least five members having the right to vote on the resolution and present in person or by proxy, or by the Chairman of the Meeting or by any member or members holding not less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or by any member or members present in person or by

proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote on the resolution, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid-up on all the shares conferring that right, and unless a poll is demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands, been carried unanimously or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall, both on a show Chairman's casting 93. of hands and at a poll (if any), have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, the same shall, subject to Article 89 Poll to be taken if 94. Poil if be taken if be taken at such time (not later than forty-eight hours from the time when demanded the demand was made) and place in the city or town in which the Off ice of the Company is for the time being situate and either by open voting or by ballot, as the Chairman shall direct, and either at once or after an interval or adjournment or otherwise, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

95. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint. Scrutinizer at poll two Scrutinizer at poll Scrutinizers to scrutinize the vote given on the poll and to report thereon to him. One of the scrutinizers so appointed shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting provided such member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power at any time before the result of the poll is declared to remove a Scrutinizer from off ice and fill vacancies in the office of Scrutinizer from such removal or from any other cause.

Any poll duly demanded on the election of Chairman of a meeting or on In what cases poll 96. any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith.

taken without adjournment

The demand for a poll except on the questions of the election of the Demand of poll not 97. Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a transaction of meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on other business which the poll has been demanded.

### VOTE OF MEMBERS

No member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy, at Members in any Members in General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders. arrears not to vote 98. either upon a show arrears not to of hands or upon a poll in respect of any shares registered in his name on vote which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or, in regard to which the, Company has, and has exercised any right of lien.

Subject to the provisions of these Articles and without prejudice to any Number of vote number of vote special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time which a

being attached to which a person entitled any class of shares for the time being forming part of the Capital of the company, every mamber not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present. and to speak and vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting fights of every member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Provided, however, if any preference share-holder be present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of subsection (2) of Section 87, he shall have a right to vote only on resolutions placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.

Casting on votes by a member entitled more than one vote

100. On a poli taken at meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he used or may abstain from voting.

How members non-composmentis and minor may vote

 A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been. made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian: and any such committee or guardian may, on poll vote by proxy, if any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian, or any of his guardians, if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting.

Vote of joint holders

102. If there be joint holders of any shares, anyone of such person may vote at any meeting or may appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto by the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and, if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting that one of the said persons so present whose name stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint-holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of these Articles to be deemed joint holders thereof.

by proxy

voting in person or 103. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A body corporate being a member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 187 of the Act, and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the rights to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as the body could exercise if it were an individual member.

shares of deceased and insolvent members

votes in respect of 104. Any person entitled under Article 60, to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner, as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty eight hours at least before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting. as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity

(if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

 Every proxy (whether a member or not) shall be appointed in writing proxy under the head of the under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation under the common seal of such corporation, or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorised by it, and any Committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

106. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a specified meeting particular meeting specified in the instrument and any adjournment or a period thereof or it may appoint for the purpose of every meeting of the Company, or of every meeting to be held before a date specified in the instrument and every adjournment of any such meeting.

- A member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll.
- 108. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other between Deposit of authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially appointment of certified copy of Instrument of appointment that power or authority shall be deposited at the office not later than forty eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No Instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.

 Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise. Form of Proxy shall, Form of proxy as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in any of the forms set out in Schedule IX of the Act.

110. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy validity of votes A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy given by proxy shall Validity of votes given by proxy be valid notwithstanding the notwithstanding previous death or Insanity of the principal, or notwithstanding revocation death of member of the proxy of any power of attorney under which such proxy death of member was signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no Intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting.

111. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at any Time to objection Time for objection meeting or poll, at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote of votes whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

112. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the foregoing, the company shall Passing of Notwithstanding any transact such business, as may be specified by the Central postalbator Government, resolution by postal ballot from time to time, through the means of postal ballot. In case of resolutions to be passed by postal ballot, no meeting need to be held at a specified time and space requiring physical presence of members to form a quorum. Where a resolution will be passed by postal ballot the company shall, in addition to the

requirements of giving requisite clear days notice, send to all the members the following:

- Draft resolution and relevant explanatory statement clearly i) explaining the reasons thereof.
- Postal ballot for giving assent or dissent, in writing by members: and
- Postage prepaid envelope (by Registered Post) for communicating (iii) assents or dissents on the postal ballot to the company with a request to the members to send their communications within 30 days from the date of dispatch of Notice.

The Company shall also follow such procedure, for conducting vote by postal ballot and for ascertaining the assent or dissent, as may be prescribed by the Act and the relevant Rules made there under.

of validity of any vote

meeting to be judge 113. The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered red at such meeting. The. Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Minutes of General 114. (1) Meeting and inspection thereof by

- The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned, entries thereof In books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.
- (2) Each page at every such book shall be initiated or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of such meeting in such books shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or liability of that Chairman within that period, by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.
- (3) In no case the minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.
- (4) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (5) All appointments of Officers made at any meeting aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meetings.
- (6) Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting
  - (a) is or could reasonably be regarded, as, defamatory of any person, or
  - (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceeding, or
  - (c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.

The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion

in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.

- (7) Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.
- (8) The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors determine, to the inspection of any member without charge.
- 115. 1. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 252 of the Act, the number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than twelve.
  - The first Directors of the Company were the following:

First Directors

- 1) ISWAR LAL PATWARI
- SUSHIL KUMAR PATWARI
- SUNIL KUMAR PATWARI
- 116. If at any time the Company obtains any loan or any assistance in Power to appoint connection Power to appoint there with by way of guarantee or otherwise from any person, firm, body exoffice directors corporate, local authority or public body (hereinafter called "the institution") or if at any time the Company issues any shares, debentures and enters into any contract or arrangement with the institution, whereby the institution subscribes for or underwrites the issue of the Company's shares or debentures or provides any assistance to the Company in any manner and it is a term of the relative loan, assistance, contract or agreement that the institution shall have the right to appoint one or more directors to the Board of the Company, then subject to the provisions of Section 225 of the Act and subject to the terms and conditions of such loan, assistance, contract or arrangement, the institution shall be entitled to appoint one or more director or Directors, as the case may be, to the Board of the Company and to remove from office any director so appointed and to appoint another in his place or in the place of Director so appointed who resigns or otherwise vacates his office, Any such appointment or removal shall be made in writing and shall be served at the office of the Company The director or directors so appointed shall neither be required to hold any qualification share nor be liable to retire by rotation and shall continue in the office for so long as the relative loan, assistance, contract or arrangement, as the case may be, subsists.
- 117. If it is provided by the Trust Deed, securing or otherwise in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in the . case of any and every such issue of debenture, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for

the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director maybe appointed in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be allowed to hold any qualification share.

118. If the Company at any time have a minimum paid up capital of Rupees Five Crore or such sum as may be prescribed and at least one thousand or more small shareholders, then the company may, suo motto or upon requisition of not less than one tenth of the total number of small shareholders, proceed to appoint a nominee from amongst small shareholders as a Director of the Company. The small 'shareholders' director shall before his appointment, file his consent, to act as a Director. in writing to the Company and the tenure of such appointment shall be three years at a time without retirement by rotation, but shall be eligible for reappointment for another tenure. He shall, however, not be appointed as Managing Director or Whole Time Director under any circumstances and shall be subject to same disqualifications and shall vacate his office on the same grounds as are applicable to other Directors, in pursuance of these Articles. The company shall follow such Rules as may be prescribed by the Central Government in this behalf.

Restrictions on directorship

No small shareholders' director appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Article shall hold office at the same time as "small shareholders' director' in more than two companies.

Appointment of ternate directors

The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from the State in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office of the Original Director when he returns to that State. If the terms of office of the Original Director are determined before he so returns to that state, any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of any retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

Director's power to add to the Board or the appointment of additional director

Subject to the provisions of Sections 260 and 264 of the Act, the Board 120. shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be an Additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum 12 fixed under the Article 111. Any such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

of directors

Share qualification 121. Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, a Director shall not be required to hold any shares in the capital of the Company as his qualification

Directors can act before acquiring qualification

122. Without prejudice to the restrictions imposed by Section 226 of the Act. a Director who is required to hold qualification shares may act as a Director before acquiring such shares but shall, if he is not already qualified, obtain his qualification, and every Director other than a Director

appointed by the Central or a State Government shall file with the Company a, declaration specifying the qualification shares held by him within two months from his appointment as a director.

123. Subject to the provisions of Section 262, 264 and 284(6) of the Act, the Director's power to fill casual Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any vacancies other qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.

124. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Managing Director, or Persuneration of Directors Managing Remuneration of Directors or Director who is/are in the whole-time employment of the Directors Company may be paid remuneration either by way of a monthly payment or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director who is neither in the whole-time employment nor a Managing Director, may be paid remuneration either.
  - (i) by way of monthly, quarterly or annual payment with the approval of the Central Government, or
  - (ii) by way of commission if the Company by a special resolution authorised such payment.
- (3) The fees payable to a Director (including a Managing or whole-time Director, if any), for attending a Meeting of the Board or Committee thereof may be in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 309 of the Act or such other sum as the Company in General Meeting may from time-to time determine.
- 125. The Board may allow any pay to any director who is not a bonafide Reimbursement of resident Reimbursement of the place where the meetings of the Board Directors for are ordinarily held and who of expenses to Directors for shall come to meeting of the such place for the purpose of attending any meeting, such attending meeting sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, boarding, of the Board lodging and other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified; and if any Director be called upon to go or resided out of the ordinary place of his residence on the Company's business, he shall be entitled to be repaid and reimbursed any travelling or other expenses incurred in connection with business of the Company.

126. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their Directors may act body Directors may but it, and so long as their number is reduced below any vacancies the minimum number act notwithstanding fixed by the Article 111 hereof. the continuing Directors not being less than any vacancies three, may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number or for summoning a General Meeting but for no other purpose.

Vacation of office of director

- 127: (1) The office of a Director shall ipso facto be vacated if : -
  - (a) he fails to obtain within the time specified in sub-section (1) of Section 270 of the Act, or at any time thereafter ceases to hold, the share qualification, if any necessary for his appointment; or
  - (b) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction; or
  - (c) he applies to be adjudicated an insolvent;
  - (d) or he is adjudged insolvent; or
  - (e) he is convicted by a Court in India of any offence and is sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six month or
  - (f) he falls to pay any call in respect of shares of the Company h by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six month from the last date fixed for the payment of the call; or
  - (g) he absents from three consecutive meetings of the Board or from all meetings of the Board for a continuous period of three months whichever is the longer, without obtaining leave of absence from the Board; or
  - (h) he or any firm of which he is a partner or any private company of which he is a director, accepts a loan, or any guarantee, security for a loan, from the Company in contravention of Section 295 of the Act; or
  - (i) he acts in contravention of Section 299 of the Act; or
  - he has been removed from office in pursuance of Section 203 c the Act; or
  - (k) by notice in writing to the Company that he resigns his office;
     or
  - any office or place of profit under the Company or under an) subsidiary of the Company is held in contravention of Section 314 of the Act and by operation of that Section he is deemed to vacate the office.
  - (2) Notwithstanding any matter or thing in sub-clauses (d), (e) and (j) of clause (1), the disqualification referred to in those sub-clauses shall not take effect
    - (a) for thirty days from the date of adjudication sentence or order;
       or
    - (b) where an appeal or petition is preferred within the thirty days aforesaid against the adjudication, sentence or conviction resulting in the sentence, or order until the explry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed of; or

- (c) where within the seven days aforesaid any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence, conviction or order, and the appeal or petition, if allowed, would result in the removal of the disqualification until such further appeal or petition is disposed of.
- 128. (1) A Director or his relative, a firm in which such Director or relative postured with is a partner, or any other partner in such firm or a private company company of which the Director is a member or a private company of which the Company is a member or director, may enter into any contract with Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials, or services or for underwriting the subscription of any shares in, or debentures of the Company, provided that the sanction of the Board is obtained before or within three months of the date on which the contract is entered into in accordance with Section 297 of the Act.

- (2) No sanction shall, however, be necessary for
  - (a) any purchase of goods and materials from the Company, or the sale of the goods or materials to the Company, by any such director, relative, firms partner or private company as aforesaid for cash at prevailing market prices; or
  - (b) any contract or contracts between the Company on one side and any such Director, relative, firm, partner or private company on the other side for sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials and services in which either the Company or the director, relative, firm, partner or private company, as the case may be, regularly trades or does business, where the value of the goods and materials or the, cost of such services does not exceed Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand only) in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract or contracts.

Provided that in the circumstances of urgent necessity, a Director. relative, firm, partner or private company as aforesaid may without obtaining the consent of the Board enter into any such contract with the Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods. materials or services even if the value of such goods or the cost of such services exceeds Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand only) in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract and the consent of the Board shall be obtained to such contract or contracts at a meeting within three months of the date on which the contract was entered into.

129. A director of the Company who is in any way, whether directly or Disclosure of indirectly Disclosure of concerned or interested in a contract or proposed interest contract or arrangement interest entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board in the manner provided in Section 299(2) of the Act; provided that it shall not be necessary for a Director to disclose his concern or interest in any contract or arrangement entered

into or to be entered into with any other company where any of the Directors of the Company either himself or along with his relatives holds or hold two per cent of the paid-up share capital in any such other company.

## General notice of interest

130. A General Notice given to the Board by the Directors, to the effect that he General notice of is a director or member of a specified body corporate or is a member of a interest specified firm and is to be regarded as concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for a further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in the last month of the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired of such general notice and no renewal thereof, shall be of effect unless it is given at a meeting the Board or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.

Interested director not to participate or vote in Board's proceeding

- 131. No director shall as Director take any part in the discussion of, or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company if he is in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested such contract or arrangement; nor shall his presence count for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote; and 9 if he does vote, his vote shall be void; provided however, that nothing herel contained shall apply to:
  - any contract of indemnity against any loss that the Directors or any one or more of them, may suffer by reason of becoming or being sureties or a surety for the Company.
  - (b) any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into with, public company or a private company which is a subsidiary of a public company in which the interest of the Director consists solely:
    - in his being :
    - (a) a director in such company, and
    - (b) the holder of not more than shares of such number or value therein as is requisite to qualify him for appointment as a Director thereof, he having been nominated as such Director by the Company or
    - (ii) In his being a member holding not more than 2% of its paid-up, share capital.

Register of contracts in which directors are interested 132. The Company shall keep a Register in accordance with Section 301(I) and shall within the time specified in section 301 (2) enter therein such of the particulars as may be relevant having regard to the application thereto of Section 297 or Section 299 of the Act as the case may be. The Register aforesaid shall also specify, in relation to each Director of the Company & the names of the bodies corporate and firms of which

notice has been given by him under Article 125. The Register shall be kept at the office of the company and shall be open to inspection at such office, and extracts may be taken there from and copies thereof in the same manner, and on payment of the same fee as in the case of the Register of Members of the Company and the provision of Section 163 of the Act shall apply accordingly.

133. A Director may be or become a director of any company promoted by directors may be directors of the Company or "in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder, companies or otherwise, and no such director shall be accountable for any benefits promoted by the received as director or shareholder of such company except in so far as Section 209(6) or Section 314 of the Act may be applicable.

134. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company, one-third if such of Retirement and the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if there number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.

135. Subject to Section 256(2) of the Act, the Directors to retire by rotation Ascertairment of Directors retiring under Article 129 at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who by rotation and have been longest in the office since their last appointment, but, as filing of vacancies between persons who became directors on the same day, those who are to retire, shall, in default of, and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.

A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Retiring Director eligible for re-

137. Subject to Sections 258 and 259 of the Act, the Company at the General Filing up of Meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid may fill up the vacancies at vacated off ice by electing a person thereto.

138. (a) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting Provision for Provisions for has not expressly, resolved not to fill the vacancy, appointment the meeting shall default of appointment stand adjourned until the same day in the next week, at the same time and place.

- (b) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be so deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting, unless:
  - (ii) at that meeting or at the previous meeting the resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the meting and lost;
  - (ii) the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board expressed his unwillingness to be so reappointed;
  - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
  - (iv) a resolution whether special or ordinary, is required for the appointment or reappointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or

(v) the provision to sub-section (2) of Section 263 of the Act is applicable to the case.

Company may increase or reduce the number of directors

139. Subject to Section 259 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Company may Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of directors, Increase or reduce the and may after their qualifications the Company (subject to the provisions number of Section 284 of the Act) remove any Director before the expiration of his directors period of office and appoint another qualified person in his seat. The person so appointed shall hold Office during such time as the director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

directors except in certain cases

- Notice of candidate 140. (1) No person not being a retiring Director, shall be eligible for appointment to the office of director at any General Meeting unless he or some member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office.
  - (2) Every person (other than a director retiring by rotation or otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 257 of the Act signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as a candidate for the office of a Director, shall sign and file with the Company, the consent in writing to act as a Director, if appointed.
  - (3) A person other than a Director reappointed after retirement by rotation of immediately on the expiry of his term of office, or an Additional or Alternate Director, or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 262 of the Act, appointed as a Director or reappointed as an Additional or Alternate Director, immediately on the expiry of his term of office, shall not act as a Director of the Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.

Register of Directors etc. and notification of change to Registrar

- 141. (a) The Company shall keep at its office a Register containing the particulars of its Directors, Managers, Secretaries and other persons mentioned in Section 303 of the Act and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.
  - (b) The Company shall in respect of each of its Directors also keep at its office a Register, as required by Section 307 of the Act, and shall otherwise duly comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.

Disclosure by directors of appointment only in other body corporate members

142. (a) Every Director (including a person deemed to be a Director by Virtue of the Explanation to sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act) Managing Director, Manager, or Secretary of the Company. shall within twenty days of his appointment to any of the above offices in any other body corporate, disclose to the Company the particulars relating to his office in the other body which are required to be specified under sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act.

(b) Every Director and every person deemed to be a Director of the Director of his Company by virtue of sub-section (10) of Section 307 of the Act, holding of share shall give notice to the Company of such matters relating to himself company etc. as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the provision of that section.

company etc.

### MANAGING DIRECTOR

143. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Board Board may appoint shall have power to appoint from time to time any of its member or or Managing members as Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Company Directors for fixed term not exceeding five years at a time and upon such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit and subject to the provisions- of Article 140, the Board may by resolution vest in such Managing Director or Managing Directors such of the powers hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit, and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as it may determine. The remuneration of a Managing Director may be by way of monthly payment, fee for each meeting or participation in profits, or by any or all these modes, or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act.

Managing Director

144. The Managing Director or Managing Directors shall not exercise the Restriction on powers to :

management

- (a) make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on the shares in the Company;
- (b) issue debentures and except to the extent mentioned in the resolution passed at the Board meeting under Section 292 of the Act, shall also not exercise the powers to
- (c) borrow moneys, otherwise than on debentures;
- (d) invest the funds of the Company, and
- (e) make loans.
- 145. The Company shall not appoint or employ, or continue the appointment. Certain persons or employment of a person as its Managing or whole-time Director who

- (a) is an undischarged insolvent, or has at any time been adjudged as insolvent:
- (b) suspends, or has at any time suspended payment to his creditors, or makes, or has at any time made a composition with them; or
- (c) is, or has, at any time been convicted by a Court of an offence involving moral turpitude.
- 146. A Managing Director shall not while he continues to hold that office be Special position of subject to the retirement by rotation, in accordance with Article 129. If Managing Director

he ceases to hold the office of Director, he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Meeting of Directors

147. The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time, and shall so meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.

Notice of Meeting

148. Notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India; to every other Director.

When meeting to be convened

149. The Secretary shall, as and when directed by the Directors to do so convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every other Director.

Chairman

150. The Board shall appoint a Chairman of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office. It no Chairman is appointed, or if it any meeting of the Board the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed, for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their member to be the chairman of such meeting.

Quarum

151. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be determined from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Section 287 of the Act. If a quorum shall not be present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Board it shall be adjourned until such date and time as the Chairman of the Board shall appoint.

Exercise of powers 152. to be valid in meetings where quorum is present

52. A meeting of the Board of which a quorum be present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under these Articles for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board.

Matter to be decided on majority of votes

153. Subject to the provisions of Sections 316, 327(4) and 386 of the Act, questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and- in case of any equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate 154. The Board may subject to the provisions of the Act, from time to time and at any time delegate any of its powers to a committee consisting of such Director or Directors as it thinks fit, and may from time to time revoke such delegation. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulation that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

Proceeding of committee 155. The meetings and the proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so for as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Board under the Article 149. 156. Save in those case where a resolution is required by Sections 262. Resolution without 292, 297, 316, 372(4) and 386 of the Act, to be passed at a meeting of the Board, a resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board, as the case may be, duly called and constituted, if a draft thereof in writing is circulated, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee of the Board, as the case may be, then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board or Committee, as the case may be) and to all other Directors, or members of the Committee, at their usual address in India, and has been approved by such of them as are then in India, or by a majority of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

157. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Acts of Board Board or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that notwithstanding it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the formal appointment appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as it every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated his office or his appointment had not been terminated; provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have been terminated.

158. (1) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every Minutes of meeting of the Board and Committee thereof to be kept by making proceedings of meeting of Board within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting entries thereof in the books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

- (2) Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- (3) In no case shall the minutes of proceedings of a meeting be attached I to any such book as aforesaid by a pasting or otherwise.
- (4) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (5) All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meetings.
- (6) The minutes shall also contain
  - (a) the names of the Directors present at the meeting; and
  - (b) In the case of each resolution passed at the meeting the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.

- (7) Nothing contained in sub-clause (1) to (6) shall be deemed to require the Inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:
  - (a) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person.
  - (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
  - (c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.
- (8) The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this sub-clause.
- Power of Directors 159. The Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts, and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act, or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting subject nevertheless to these Articles, to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made. Provided that the Board shall not, except

with the consent of the Company in General Meeting :

- (a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole, or substantially the whole of any such undertaking.
- (b) remit, or give time for the repayment of any debt due by a Director.
- (c) invest, otherwise than in trust securities, the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition of any such undertaking as is referred to in clause (a), or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time.
- (d) borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves - that is to say, reserve not set apart for any specific purpose. Provided further that the powers specified in Section 292 of the Act shall, subject to these Articles, be exercised only at meetings of the Board, unless the same be delegated to the extent there in stated; or
- (e) contribute to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed

twenty-five thousand rupees or five per cent of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the provisions of Sections 349 and 350 of the Act during the three financial years immediately preceding, whichever is greater.

160. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Absolute powers of Board in certain Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, and cases without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers; that is to say, power

- (1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
- (2) At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the powers to make calls and excluding also, except in their limits authorised by the Board, the power to make loans and borrow moneys) And for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit; and any such appointment my (if the Board thinks fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the Members of any Local Board, established as aforesaid or in favour of any company, or the share holders, directors, nominees or managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly by the Board and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Board may think fit and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them;
- (3) Subject to Sections 294, 294A, 297 and 300 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company to enter into all such contracts, and to execute and do all such, acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient:
- (4) Subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, the Board may pay such remuneration to Chairman/Vice Chairman of the Board upon such conditions as they may think fit.

#### THE SECRETARY

161. The Directors may from time to time appoint, and at their discretion, secrecy remove the Secretary provided that where the Board comprises only three Directors, neither of them shall be the Secretary. The Secretary appointed by the directors pursuant to this Article shall be a whole-time

Secretary. The Directors may also at any time appoint some person, who need not be Secretary, to keep the registers required to be kept by the Company.

#### THE SEAL

#### The Seal its custody and use

- 162. (a) The Board shall provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company, and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new Seal in lieu thereof and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given.
  - (b) The Company shall also be at, liberty to have an official Seal in accordance with Section 50 of the Act, for use in any territory, district or place outside India.
- 163. Every Deed or other instrument, to which the seal of the Company is required to be affixed, shall unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney, be signed by two Directors or one Director and Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose, provided that in respect of the Share Certificate, the Seal shall be affixed in accordance with the Article 1 9(a).

#### DIVIDENDS

#### Division of profits

164. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorized to be created by these Articles, and subject to the provisions of these Articles shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.

#### Company in general meeting may declare a dividend

165. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends to be paid to The company in members according to their respective rights, but no dividend shall exceed general meeting may declare a the amount recommended by the Board, but the company in general meeting dividend may declare a smaller dividend.

# Dividend only to be 166, paid out of profits

166. No dividend shall be declared or paid otherwise than out of the profits of the financial year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of Section 205 of the Act or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with these provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both, provided that:

- (a) if the Company has not provided for depreciation for any previous financial year or years, it shall, before declaring or paying a dividend for any linancial year, provide for such depreciation out of the profits of the financial year or years.
- (b) if the Company has incurred any loss in any previous financial year or years, the amount of the loss or any amount which is equal to the amount provided for depreciation for that year or those years whichever is less, shall be set off against the profits of the company for the year for which the dividend is proposed to be declared or

paid or against the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at in both cases after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of Section 205 of the Act, or against both.

167. The Board may, from time to time, pay to the Members such interim interim dividend Dividend as in their judgment, the position of the Company justifies.

168. Where capital is paid in advance of calls, such capital may carry interest calls in advance not to carry right but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or participate in to participate in profits.

169. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts. Payment of prorata paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

 The Board may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of Dividend to be kept which any person is under the Article 60 entitled to become a member in abeyance or which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer; until such a person shall become a member, in respect of such shares or duly transfer the same.

171. Anyone of several person who are registered as joint-holders of any Receipts for share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and dividends payments on account of dividends or bonus or other moneys payable in respect of such shares.

172. No member shall be entitled to receive payments of any interest or Deduction of dividend in respect of his share or shares, while any money may be company due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member all sums of money so due from him to the Company.

173. A transfer of share shall not pass the right to any dividend declared. Rights to dividend thereon before the registration of the transfer.

where shares transferred

174. Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or Manner of paying warrant or by a pay-slip or receipt having the force of a cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled or in case of joint-holders to that one of them first named in the Register in respect of the joint-holdings. Every such cheque or Warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or Warrant or pay-slip or receipt lost in transmission, or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or the forged signature of any pay-slip or receipt or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means.

175. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfelled by the Board unless the claim. Non-forfeiture of thereto becomes barred by law and the company shall comply with the

provision of Sections 205A and 205C of the Act in respect of all unclaimed or unpaid dividends.

#### Dividend may be set off against calls

- 176. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may, on the recommendation of the Directors, make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend and the dividend may, I so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the calls.
- 177. Where the company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or dividend warrant in respect thereof has not been posted within 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall within 7 days from the date of the expiry of said period of 30 days open a special A/C in that behalf in any scheduled bank called "Unpaid dividend of \_\_\_\_\_ and transfer to the said account the total amount of unpaid dividend or where no dividend warrant has been posted. Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid/unclaimed for a period of 7 year from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the General Revenue A/C of the Central Govt.

A claim to any money so transferred to the general revenue account may be preferred to the central govt, by the shareholders to whom the money is due. No unclaimed/ unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the board.

#### CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES .

#### Issue of Bonus shares

178. Any General Meeting may resolve that any moneys, investments, or other assets forming part of undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the Reserves, or any Capital Redemption Reserve Fund, in the hands of the company and available for dividend or representing premiums received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account be capitalised and distributed amongst such of the members as would be entitled to receive the same if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalised fund be applied on behalf of such members in paying up in full any unissued shares, debentures, or debenture-stock of the Company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares, and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such members in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum. Provided that any sum standing to the credit of a Share Premium Account or a Capital Redemption Reserve Fund may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

#### Utilisation of undistributed capital profits

179. A General Meeting may resolve that any surplus money arising from the realization of any capital asset of the Company or any investments representing the same, or any other undistributed profits of the Company not subject to charge for income tax, be distributed among the members on the footing that they receive the same as capital. 180. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under the two last elimational preceding articles hereof the Board may settle any difficulty which may conficates arise in regard the distribution as it thinks expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value of distribution of any specific assets, and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the Board. Where requisite, a proper contract shall be filed in accordance with Section 75 of the Act, and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the person entitled to the dividend or capital fund, and such appointment shall be effective.

181 (1) The company shall keep at the office or at such other place in Directors to keep India as the Board thinks fit, proper Books of Account in accordance with Section 209 of the Act, with respect to

true accounts

- (a) all the sums of moneys received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipts and expenditure take place.
- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company.
- (c) the Assets and liabilities of the Company.
- (2) Where the Board decides to keep all or any of the Books of Account at any place other than the office of the Company, the Company shall within seven days of the decision file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving, the full address of that other place.
- (3) The Company shall preserve in good order the Books of Account relating to the period of not less than eight years preceding the current year together with the vouchers relevant to any entry in such Books of Account.
- (4) Where the Company has a branch off ice, whether in or outside India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with the Article if proper Books of Account relating to the transactions effected at the branch office are kept at the branch office and proper summarized returns made up to date at intervals of not more than three months are sent by the branch office to the Company at its offices at other place in India, at which the Company's Books of Account are kept as aforesaid.
- (5) The Books of Account shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or branch office, as the case may be, and explain its transaction. The Books of Account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Directors during business hours.
- 182. The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent. Places of keeping and at what times and place and under what conditions are regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open

to the inspection of members not being Directors, and no person (not being a member) shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board.

before Annual General Meeting

Laying of accounts 183. The Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with Sections 210. 211, 212, 215, 216 and 217 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, such Balance Sheets. Profit and Loss Account and Reports as are required by these Sections

Accounts when to be sent

184. A copy of every such Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet (including the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached to the Balance Sheet), shall at least twenty-one days before the meeting at which the same are to be laid before the members, be sent to the members of the Company, to holders of debentures issued by the Company (not being debentures which exfacie are payable to the bearer thereof); to trustees for the holders of such debentures and to all persons entitled to receive notice of General Meeting of the Company.

#### AUDIT

Accounts to be audited

185. Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated in accordance with Sections 224 to 233 of the Act.

First auditor or auditors

186. The First Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Board within one month of the date of registration of the Company and the Auditor or Auditors so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the First Annual General Meeting provided that, the Company may, at a General Meeting, remove any such Auditor or all of such Auditors and appoint in his or their place any other person or persons who have been nominated for appointment by any member of the Company and of whose nomination notice has been given to the members of the company not less than fourteen days before the date of the Meeting provided further that if the Board fails to exercise its powers under this Article, the Company in General, Meeting may appoint the first Auditor or Auditors.

Secretarial auditor

The aforesaid provisions shall mutatis mutandis apply to any Secretarial Auditor appointed under the relevant provisions of the Act.

### DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

Service of documents and notice

- 187. (1) A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on any member either personally or sending it by post to him to his registered address or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address, if any, in India supplied by him to the Company for serving documents or notices on him.
  - (2) Where a document or notice is sent by post, services of the document or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the document or notice, provided that where a member has intimated to the

Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgment due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of the doing so; service of the documents or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member and such service shall be deemed to have been effected in the case of Notice of a meeting. at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the document or notice is posted and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

188. A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the Advertiseme neighborhood of the Office shall be deemed to be duly served or sent notice to be on the day on which the advertisement appears to every member who deemed duly served has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for serving of documents on or the sending of notices to him.

advertisament of

189. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or Notice to whom given to the joint-holders of a share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint-holders named first in the Register of Members in respect of the share.

190. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to Notice to be served the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through post in a prepaid letter addressed to him or them by name or by the title of representatives of the deceased or assignee of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be entitled, or (until -such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given I the death or insolvency had not occurred.

191. Documents or notices of every General Meeting shall be served or Service of notice of given in the same manner hereinbefore on or to (a) every member (b) General Meetings every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or Insolvency of a member, and (c) the Auditor for the time being of the Company.

192. Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or other means Numbers bound by whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice document or notice in respect of such shares, previously to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members, shall have been duly served on or given to the person from whom he drives his title to such shares.

193. Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company may be Document or notice signed by a Director or some person duly authorised by the Board of to be signed Directors for such purpose and the signatures thereto may be written, printed or lithographed.

194. All documents or notices to be served or given by members on or to the Notice to be served Company or any office thereof shall be served or given by sending it to by post

the Company or Officer at the Office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by leaving it at the office.

### WINDING UP

#### Liquidators powers

195. The Liquidator on any winding-up (whether voluntary, under supervision or compulsory) may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution but subject to the rights attached to any preference share capital, divide among the Contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction; vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the Liquidator, with the like sanction shall think fit.

### INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

### indemnified by the company

Person when to be 196. Every Officer or Agent for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him in defending any proceeding, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under Section 633 of Act, in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

#### SECRECY

No member to enter the premises of the company without permission 197. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and the Act no member, or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to enter the property of the Company or to Inspect or examine the Company's premises or properties of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which Is or may be in the nature or a trade-secret, mystery of trade, or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which In the opinion of the Directors will be Inexpedient In the interest of the Company to communicate.

We, the several persons, whose names, addresses and description are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into the Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

-	Signature, Names, Addresses, Occupations and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each Subscribers	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Witness
1)	Sushii Patwari SUSHIL PATWARI S/o Sri Ishwar Lei Patwari 8/1E, Diamond Harbour Road Calcutta - 700 027 Industrialist	100 (one Hundred)	
2)	Minakshi Patwari MINAKSHI PATWARI W/o Srl Sushii Patwari 8/1E, Diamond Harbour Road Calcutta - 700 027 Business	filmess for all the Signatories :- Nimal Kulmar Agarwal NIRMAL KUMAR AGARWAL Sio Sri Chiranjilal Agarwal Cio. Sunil Chandra Roy 304, M. N. Shah Road Calcutta - 700 012 Service	
3)	Kedar Nath Bansal KEDAR NATH BANSAL S/o Late Mata Deen Bansal 8N, Samar Sarani Calcutta - 700 002 Service		
4)	Shakoor Chobdar SHAKOOR CHOBDAR S/o Late Ismail Khan Chobdar 17, Beck Bagan Row Flat No. 17, Calcutta - 700 017 Service		ness for all the Sig Nirmal Kumar Ag IRMAL KUMAR AG Sio Sri Chiranjilai , Cio, Sunil Chand 304, M. N. Shah Calcutta - 700 Service
5)	Sukumar Roy SUKUMAR ROY S/o Sri Niranjan Roy East Shibachal Road P.O. Birati, Calcutta - 700 051 Service	100 (one Hundred)	§ 2
The Control of the Co	Ujjal Kanti Saha UJJAL KANTI SAHA Sio Sri Sudhangshu Mohan Saha 49A, Beleghata Main Road Calcutta - 700 010 Service	100 (one Hundred)	
7)	Asulesh Prasad Seth ASULESH PRASAD SETH S/o Late Suresh Prasar Seth 4, Banadroni Place, Calcutta-70 Service	100 (one Hundred)	
	Total	700 (Seven Hundred)	

Dated, 17th August, 1994